

# WHAT'S BEING CHECKED DURING YOUR BIKE CHECK?

## HELMET

Modern helmets are only designed to withstand one major impact so by throwing them on the ground or in the back of the truck you may render your helmet useless. Sun and heat cause additional wear and tear to helmets, breaking down the materials from which they are made. Your helmet will be checked for the following:

- A good fit many riders' helmets are fitted too loosely making them ineffective. Your bike check retailer will ensure that your helmet is fitted securely and safely. We also recommend a helmet with rear bracing.
- · No cracks in the body of the helmet
- No delamination of the outer layer due to sun or heat damage
- · No damage to any of the straps
- No defects of any buckles or strap webbing

## CHAIN & COGS

There is a lot of climbing on the route placing a lot of pressure on your chain. The exposed cold water river crossings at the end of the race will also affect your chain. It's worth making sure that your chain and cogs are in good condition to ensure you have a great ride.

When your chain is stretched by not changing gears properly it means it can break more easily and may not function properly. It also may have damaged and excessively worn your cogs, causing it to slip and again not function correctly, maintaining these items will help prevent accidents caused by bike failures. It will be up to the bike mechanic and their judgement as to whether the chain requires work or replacement.

## BRAKES

Your brake pads must be in good enough condition to last the length of the event. The wear on your pads needs to be above the minimum line - if it's below this line your brake pads will need to be replaced.

## TOOL KIT

Not only should you carry the following – you should also know how to use it. There will not always be someone nearby to help you if you get a flat tyre or your chain breaks.

- **Two spare tubes** correct size! (If using tubeless tyres ensure sealant is refreshed every 2 months and carry at least one tube as an emergency back-up)
- **Bike pump** strapped securely (or in your backpack)
- · Multi-tool
- · Tyre levers
- · Patch Kit
- Chain breaker (spare chain link/speed link is also useful)

## GENERAL BIKE SAFETY

- **Bike Frame** No structural damage or corrosion to bike frame, handle bars and seat posts.
- **Tyres & Pressure** No big cuts or damage to tyre casing. Optimal tyre pressure for your particular tyres and the day. Most previous competitors have run on quite a high pressure due to dry, fast conditions.
- Seat Post Tight, with no damage. Don't be the person having to bike the course without their seat! Handle Bars - Must be tight and have handle bar bungs.
- **Overall Bike** No excessive play in bottom bracket, head sets, wheel sets or suspension mechanisms.
- Additional Ensure bottle cage/s are firmly screwed in, pump secured with velcro strap (or in your backpack) and repair kit is securely fastened. Bits falling off your bike is a good way to go down and to bring others down too.